TOILET SOAP and PERFUME.

and Mr. Gruber's resolution of contion was adopted.

REPORT ON REVISION. The Committee on Revision of the Constitution submitted its report through Mr. Gruber, its chairman. The subjects with which it deals have already been discussed in print. The most have already been discussed in print. The most important changes are these: One gives each Assembly district three members in the County Committee, instead of two, as at present, with one additional member for every 1,000 Republican votes, or major fraction thereof, polled at the last preceding election. Another makes the office of secretary of the County Committee permanent, and the incumbent removable only by the County Committee, the salary to be increased from \$2,000 to \$3,500 a year. This furnishes a steady job at good wages for Mr. Manchester, who is to be secretary of all the standing committees likewise. After this year he need not be a member of the County Committee. A third changes the pledge of applicants for membership. Instead of saying that he is a Republican and will labor for the success of the party at the next election, the candidate must declare that he voted the Republican ticket from top to bottom at the last election.

A fourth change ados to the causes for striking names of the enrolled off the election district books (which are now "death, removal from the district and having ceased to be a Republican") "having affiliated with organizations recognized as hostile to the Republican proposed in the method of representation for election district organizations in district and Congress conventions.

The amendment to the constitution offered by John Sabine Smith at the February meeting providing for a new way to revise the enrolment was referred, after discussion, to the Revision Committee. important changes are these: One gives each

PLATTS FACTION BEATEN.

ADMINISTRATION MEN WIN IN THE BROOKLYN CONGRESS CONVENTIONS.

LIVELY TIMES IN SOME OF THE MEETINGS AND A DOUBLE DELEGATION CHOSEN IN ONE DISTRICT.

Five Congress districts in Kings County held conventions last evening and elected delegates to the St. Louis Convention. The result of the elections is a victory for the administration or anti-Platt forces. There were some disputes in the district conventions, and in the VIth a double ticket was chosen. In the IVth there was a lively time for a few minutes, but when the vote was taken it was decisive.

In the Hd Congress District, where Commissioner Willis and the Administration are supreme, and the Worth men knew that the contest would be hopeless, the Wurster-Willis slate was elected with out opposition of any importance. Commissioner Willis and George H. Roberts, jr., of the Seventh Ward, chairman of the General Committee, were elected as delegates to the St. Louis Convention. Congressman Hurley and William E. Phillips, of the Twenty-fifth Ward, who had been prominently mentioned as candidates, were made alternates. The IId District is composed of the First, Second, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eleventh and Twentleth Wards. The meeting was called to order by Andrew Jacobs, who was then made permanent chairman. Just becalling of the roll there was a sensation when Thomas Fitchie offered a resolution indors-ing McKinley for President. This provoked a storm of cheers, and the euthusiasm manifested was a pronounced indication of the fact that, although vernor Morton is nominally the first choice of all factions, McKinley is really nearer to the favor the majority of Kings County Republicans. Several speakers, however, said that the conver

tion was not the proper place to make an indorse-ment like that in the pending resolutions. They said that the adoption of the resolutions would mean that the delegates would be instructed indirectly for the Western man. After some opposition, the resolution was withdrawn, and the voting for delegates resulted as follows: Willis, 239; Roberts, 240; Eugene F. Barnes, 27;

Thomas Fitchie, 294; ex-Congressman William C. Walsh, 4; W. E. Phillips, 4. The election of delegates and alternates was then made unanimous. Mr. Willis, when asked about a possible second choice for President in the National Convention,

"Candidly, I don't know who might be called the second choice of the delegates."

The IIId District Convention was held in the Johnston Building, and Park Commissioner Timo-

econd choice of the delegates."

The Hild District Convention was held in the Johnston Building, and Park Commissioner Timothy L. Woodruff, of the Twenty-second Ward, and Walter B. Atterbury, of the Twenty-third Ward, were elected delegates to the St. Louis Convention. They are anti-Platt men, and while Governor Morton will receive their support on the first ballot, they are known to lean toward McKinley. W. W. Goodrich presided over the convention. He had the authority of the State Committee and the chairman of the County Committee. The wards represented were the Third, Fourth, Ninth, Tenth, Twenty-second, Twenty-third and Twenty-inith. Most of the 254 delegates were present. There were contests in eight districts of the Third Ward and one district in the Fourth, which were referred to a committee. During the recess the selection of the second delegate to St. Louis was taiked of, the convention being practically unanimous for Timothy L. Woodruff for first place. For second place the contest was between ex-Senator Reynolds and Walter B. Atterbury. The Administration favorite was Atterbury. The Committee on Contests then came in and reported in favor of seating the Dady delegates of the Thirty-first Ward. Opposition was manifested, and the report of the committee was rejected by a vote of 178 to 162.

Then the convention voted to give each contesting delegate one-half a vote. Dady and his delegates declined to accept the compromise and to take part in the proceedings.

Then Corporation Counsel Burr nominated Walter B. Atterbury. S. L. Woodhouse nominated was rejected by a vote of 178 to 162.

Then the convention to det of give each contesting delegate one-half a vote. Dady and his delegates declined to accept the compromise and to take part in the proceedings.

Then Corporation Counsel Burr nominated Walter B. Atterbury. St. L. Woodhouse nominated Commissioner Woodruff, 331; Atterbury, 254; Reynolds, 74; Ziegler, 25.

Before the vote was announced the choice of Woodruff was made by acclamation. These alternates

a neat little speech, in which he said he hoped harmony would prevail, resigned the gave; to Mr. Friday, who presided over the convention until the end.

The convention was held in Schieliein's Hall, at Vermont and Atlantic aves., in East New-York, Alderman Joseph R. Clark, of the Twenty-sixth Ward, president of the Common Council, and Register Granville W. Harman, of the Twenty-fourth Ward, were elected delegates to the St. Louis Convention, after a somewhat spirited struggle. The two men named and William J. Taylor, of the Twenty-third Ward; Paul E. De Fere and Ethan Allen Doty, of the Twenty-fourth Ward, were the candidates. The last named were not considered in the race to any extent, but Mr. Taylor's friends made a game fight for him. There were 30 delegates, and the vote was: Clark, 349; Harman, 246; Taylor, 150; De Fere, 9; Doty, 5.

Alderman Wassmuth no minated Messra, Harman and Clark, and a delegate aimost immediately moved that nominations be closed. Greatly to the astonishment of the meeting, Chairman Friday de lared the motion carried. Instantly there was an uproar. The Twenty-third Ward delegates, friends of Mr. Taylor, started almost in a body for the stage, and the air was filled with cries of "Gag rule!" "Robber!" etc. directed at the chairman. The tumult continued for ten minutes, and the platform by climbing over the reporters' table. He denounced the attempt to shut off nominations in so summary a manner that he soon had the sympathy of the convention, when a Twelfth Ward elegate attempted to interrupt him. The Twelfth Ward and hustled to the street by three policemen. Mr. Cabble finished his speech and nominated W. J. Taylor, of the Twenty-third Ward. After a tedious ballot the vote resulted as already announced. Messrs. Clark and Harman are "administration" men, and opposed to Platt, although Mr. Clark is a recent "convention, when a Twelfth Ward elegate attempted to the treenty-third Ward. After a tedious ballot the vote resulted as already announced. Messrs. Clark and Harman are "adminis

the Vth District Convention to order, and William Kramer, of the Nineteenth Ward, and Thomas P. Crowne, of the Twenty-first Ward, were nominated for temporary chairmen. William Kramer said that he had been appointed to call the convention to order, and had entered into a compact with State Committeeman Schroeder and John G. Deubert that Mr. Schroeder should call the convention to order and that he (Kramer) should be temporary chairman. While a consultation took place the delegates should, "Give us fair play!"

"We can't come to an understanding," answered Schroeder. Mr. Kramer moved that everybody excepting delegates be put out of the hall. The motion was lost.

Schroeder. Mr. Kramer moved that everyhody excepting delegates be put out of the hall. The motion was lost.

Deubert and Kramer then declared that each
should name a temporary secretary. William P.
Thompson, of the Nineteenth Ward, and G. E. England, of the Twenty-eighth Ward, were selected
State Committeemen. Schroeder left the chair and
Kramer took his place:
With further disputes the proceedings continued. The report of the Twenty-seventh
Ward Committee, seating three Worth delegates in the VIIIth District, was declared improper
by the chairman, and an appeal was taken. Then
came the test vote. It was ended at midnight, and
stood 181 in favor of sustaining the chair to 159
against it.

against it.

Then the administration delegates yelled: "What's
the matter with us?"

It was long after midnight when the permanent
organization was effected. At that time it seemed
certain that Mayor Wurster and E. J. Kaltenbach
would be selected as delegates—c victory for the

organization was effected. At that that control that Mayor Wurster and E. J. Kaltenbach would be selected as delegates—t victory for the administration.

At the VIth Congress District Convention, in Turn Hall, last night, Controller Palmer and County Clerk Saffen were chosen delegates to the National Convention by an almost unanimous vote. It was a complete victory for the Worth men. There were 284 delegates, and at the beginning of the proceedings there was a hitch as to who was the rightful chairman. Coroner George H. Nason was delegated as the chairman of the Piatt committee to call the convention to order, and Edward Schleuter the chairman of the Republican General Committee. It was finally left to the convention to decide, and Nason was chosen. There were several protests handed in, the most demonstrative being made by Charles Grove, of the XXVIIIth District, who insisted on claiming his seat. The chairman rapped in vain for order with his gavel and finally called on the police to make Grove sit down. Grove continued to shout, and the chairman, in his efforts to maintain order, broke his gavel. At this juncture the anti-Worth delegates, after declaring that they could not be heard, boited the convention. One of the delegates returned and presented to the chairman an imitation gold brick of wood, and said that the administration had decided to redeem its promises by giving out gold bricks to-day. This caused much laughter. Then the chairman declared nominations in order. Delegate William Cloutier put in nomination Controller Palmer, and Delegate Philip Williams the name of Saffen. Somebody asked that the nominations were made unanimous. In the mean time the anti-Worth delegates went to a hall at Teneyck and Leonard sits and elected Edward A. Schraeder, of the Sixteenth Ward, and Henry C. Fisher, of the Seventeenth, as delegates, with Herman Wagner and Joseph Murcott delegates.

COLD COMFORT FOR MORTON. THE NUTMEG STATE ABOUT EQUALLY DIVIDED

BETWEEN REED AND M'KINLEY. New-Haven, March 19 (Special).-Governor Morton's canvass is being exploited in this State. A close friend of General McAlpin has just been in this city, where he made an effort to interest the leading Republicans in Governor Morton's candidacy. He received little hope of success. All the party leaders of the State share the kindlest of feelings for Governor Morton, but the impression is felt almost universally among Connecticut Republicans that the Governor has been in the hands of unwise counsellors in allowing his boom to be launched. It may be stated definitely that no material promises of support for Governor Morton were given by the party leaders of the State. His agent visited not only this city, but travelled through Connecticut with no more encouraging results. It is certain that the Republican delegates to St. Louis will be divided between McKinley and Reed, with about four for each. There will be four doubtful votes, and Governor Morton's agent wished to secure as many of these as possible. As the State Convention to select delegates to St. Louis does not take place till May, the exact makeup of the Connecticut delegation cannot be predicted. He received little hope of success. All the

A COMPROMISE IN NEBRASKA. M'KINLEY AND MANDERSON MEN AGREE ON

THE POLITICAL COURSE OF THE STATE. Omaha, Neb., March 19.-The fight between the McKinley and Manderson Republicans is at an end, terms of a compromise having been agreed upon this evening at a conference of the leaders. Senator Thurston, the recognized head of the McKin-ley boom in Nebraska, accepted the general terms

ley boom in Nebraska, accepted the general terms of the compromise yesterday, but General Manderson, who is in Washington, held out until to-day for a delegation to the St. Louis Convention instructed for him. To-night he telegraphed that he would be guided by what his friends in Nebraska thought was best. The provisions of the compromise, briefly stated, are these:

The State delegation will be for McKinley, but Manderson's name will be formally presented to the convention, unless it is apparent that the Ohio man's romination is assured.

All district conventions are instructed to abide by the agreement, and the Manderson people have Senator Thurston's word for it that the terms will be carried out.

THE "FAVORITE SON" CANVASSES

SOURCE OF WEAKNESS RATHER THAN STRENGTH TO THE ANTI-M'KINLEY FORCES. Washington, March 19 (Special).-It is becoming evident that some leading Republicans, who have been watching the growth of the McKinley movement with undisguised alarm, have now become con-vinced that the fight against the Ohio man has been the day to discover the error, and this fact, too, is frankly admitted. The anti-McKinley men have now come to the conclusion that the "favorite con" idea is a source of weakness rather than of strength to the anti-McKinley forces.

One of the most prominent workers in the Repub

to the anti-McKinley forces.

One of the most prominent workers in the Republican party, a well-known Senator from one of the border States, said recently that he did not biame the average politician for joining the McKinley ranks. According to his view, a glance over the field was not such as to encourage any one in the belief that McKinley would not win the nomination. There was Reed, with strength in New-England and in Louisiana, but all the other candidates seemed to be men of straw, simply put up to beat McKinley. The calculating politician who wants to be on the winning side and get a share of the offices as the reward for early and effective support saw that Morton had but a perfunctory following in New-York and was not likely to be the nominee; that Quay occupled almost a similar position in Pennsylvania; that Cullom was not likely to get even the solid delegation from lillinois, and that Davis in Minnesota, and Manderson in Nebraska were not worth counting even as remote possibilities. Allison, another favorite son, was a probability, but only as a compromise in the case of a deadlock.

The average politician, this Senator went on to say, who is not bound by local ties, is not dealing with men who have little or no show of winning. If New-York and Pennsylvania were to declare for Reed, for instance, the McKinley movement would receive a check, but so long as the anti-McKinley strength is dissipated among a number of candidates who have only local strength and are making no headway whatever, it can do nothing to stop the nomination.

WHERE ALLISON'S STRENGTH LIES. HIS NOMINATION WOULD END ALL FACTIONAL

BITTERNESS, CONGRESSMAN PERKINS SAYS. Washington, March 19 (Special).-Representative Perkins, of Iowa, one of the most active and in-fluential of the managers of Senator Allison's canvass for the Republican Presidential nomination,

nuential of the managers of senator Amison's candidates.

The strength of Allison is to be found in the peculiar position he occupies between the so-called leaders in the race. His connection with the race has been happly free from irritation and friction. To the partisans of McKiniey and the other candidates he appears in the character of a peculiarly amiable compromise candidate. The solution of the whole vexed question in favor of Allison, in my opinion, is in the steadily growing bitterness between the partisans of these men. It must sooner or later occur to them that Allison is a man whose candidacy will provoke less hestility than that of either McKiniey or Reed. The level-headed men who will represent the Republican party at St. Louis will consider what will happen after the election. Republicans ought to consider that if they should come back into power the party will be on trial again. It is more important that this trial shall meet reasonable expectations and give it a hold on succeeding elections than whether it shall be McKinley or Reed who will lead the Republican phalanx to victory in November, for I conclude that a Republican victory is inevitable.

That election should insure for us a new lease of political life, and we should be careful that in nominating our candidates we strike no deep wounds that will reopen and bleed after the victory is won. In this respect Allison is strong. He is in the happy relation of the second choice to almost every other candidate, where the preference is not for him first. He is making no enemies and is under obligations to no man. The partisans of other candidates can gravitate to him with a clear conscience, and Allison to no man. The partisans of other candidates can gravitate to him with a clear conscience, and Allison can accept that nomination and run his race without having hedged himse, fabout with promises and compromising entanglements waiting to be redeemed after taking his seat. If the nomination of McKinley is not conceded Allison will be the man.

DELEGATES CHOSEN IN BROOME COUNTY. Binghamton, N. Y., March 19.—The Ist Assembly District Republican Convention this afternoon elected the following delegates to the State Convention: Colonel George W. Dunn, W. W. Nowell, Alexander E. Andrews, M. L. Jones and E. P. Ward;

Alexander E. Andrews, M. L. Jones and E. P. Ward: alternates, J. M. Kilmer, H. C. Olmstead, Charles E. Fuller, F. J. Bryant and J. S. Chase.

The IId District Convention delegates are as follows: Assemblyman C. F. Tupper, A. W. T. Back, Orrin Holdin, Ell B. Black and Frank Stewart: alternates, Paul Malles, Leonard Whitney, A. A. Lord, R. S. Earl and T. T. Lawton.

The County Convention selected the following delegates to the Congressional Convention: Mayor George E. Greene, George B. Curtis, L. H. Hills, James Schell, Dr. D. Dudley, Daniel Lyons and Dr. S. P. Allen.

## Johannis

Is conceded to be the finest Table Water ever Imported.

Bottled at the Johannis Spring-Zollhaus, Germany. Ernest Gogorra, 50 Broad St., N. Y., Managing Agent in United States and Canada for Johannis, Limited, London

ANTI-MACHINE DELEGATES.

RESULTS OF WEDNESDAY NIGHT'S CON-VENTIONS.

VICTORIES FAIRLY WON IN THREE CONGRESS DISTRICTS.

In spite of the disgraceful methods to which the Platt machine resorted in the attempt to gain a solid delegation to the St. Louis Convention, they were fairly defeated in three Congress districts at Wednesday night's conventions. In the XIIth District 154 of the 265 delegates composing the convention voted for Cornelius N. Bliss and Colonel S. V. R. Cruger for delegates and chose P. Tecumseh Sherman and Edward Hardy as alternates. The feeling of disgust which permeated the decent element in the convention with the tactics of such exponents of the machine as "Lightning Jim" Stewert, who wanted to "turn his gang loose" on the Anti-Machine representatives, probably had much to do with increasing the majority by which Messrs.

Bliss and Cruger won the victory. In speaking of the result in the XIIth District, Colonel George Bliss said yesterday:

"The outrigeous behavior of the Platt workers was the cause of all the trouble in the convention. Their action cannot but lead to their ultimate defeat. Their conduct was unlawful and stupid. I am entirely satisfied with the issue, Bliss and Cruger are the choice of a majority of the regularly elected delegates to the conven-

XIIIth District, resulting in the election of ex-Commissioner William Brookfield and General Anson G. McCook as delegates and Thomas F. Eagan and Robert Miller as alternates, was th subject of animated congratulation among good citizens all day yesterday. The Platt followers, finding that they were beaten on every test vote, went to work to break up the convention. Their "slate" was John Reisenweber and Alexander I. Mason for delegates, and Thomas Hump'rey and Jacob Kahn for alternates. No fairer convention was ever held, but when the Platt defeat was found to be certain after a five-hours' contest the machine delegates bolted and formed another convention.

THE OPPOSITION IRREGULAR.

General McCook said yesterday: "Mr. Brookfield and I were elected delegates from the XIIIth Congress District last night, and the cpposition have not the least show of regularity, because they withdraw after being in the convention five hours. If I live I will be one of the delegates to the Convention in St. Louis, and I have no reason to doubt that my credentials will be accepted by the National Committee. I am going to file my credentials with the National Committee soon."

Richard J. Lewis, who presided over the XIIIth District Convention at Wendel's Assembly Rooms, in West Forty-fourth-st., said yester day: "The machine men withdrew from the convention after they had taken part in the proceedings for more than five hours. During that time they did everything in their power to embarrass and delay the convention. They were beaten in every motion. They had no legal status, as the only duly organized convention was the one over which I presided. I desired to impossible, the East Side was flooded with bogus tickets of admission to the convention, issued with the connivance of officials of the Republican County Committee and distributed among as many rowdles as could be induced to accept them. The plot to take possession of the meeting by force, although carefully perfected and approved by the magnates of the machine, went wrong. General Collis, whom the Platt crowd was determined to "down," was chosen, with his colleague. Commissioner Wright, by a vote of 234 in a total of 595 delegates, a clear majority of 73, while Joseph Murray, of the Excise Board, who ignominiously deserted to the Platt camp on the promise of being made a delegate, was defeated.

BLISS AND CRUGER LEGALLY CHOSEN

BLISS AND CRUGER LEGALLY CHOSEN. Cornellus N. Bliss said yesterday that he had not a doubt that he and Colonel Cruger had been legally elected as delegates to the St. Louis Convention from the XIIth Congress District. "We were elected by a handsome majority," Mr. Ellss continued, "and we will go to the Con-Mr. Bliss continued, "and we will go to the Convention as the regular delegates from the district, and there can be no doubt that the National Republican Committee will accept our credentials. I do not know if my friend Howard Carroll will accept contesting credentials from the Stewarts, Hongs and Thorntons, who held a faise convention in the hall. As General Carroll is an honest man, I doubt if he will accept such fraudulent credentials."

An Anti-Machine contesting delegation will go to St. Louis from the IXth District, where the high-handed methods resorted to by the Platt-Lauterbach people in control made withdrawal necessary to self-respecting men. Theodore F. Ruhle and Rudolph Moss were chosen delegates by the Anti-Machine convention, and William Green and Israel Ellis alternates.

The results of the ten conventions, including those in the VIIth and XVIIth districts, held yesterday, may be summarized as follows:

SEVENTH DISTRICT. Delegates.
Cornelius Van Cott.
Hugh McRoberts.

Alternates.
Frederick Haidn.
Frank Foggin.

Delegates.
Martin H. Healey.
Abram Cole.

VIIITH
Delegates.

Delegates.

Simon Gavin.
John Moran.

STRICT. Alternates, John F. Conway, James D. Hetherington.

Alternates, Christian Goetz, Abraham A. Joseph. Delegates.
John J. Collins.
Charles H. Murray.

Anti-Machine Contestants. Alternates, William Green, Israel Ellis. Delegates. Theodore F. Ruhle. Rudoiph Maas.

TENTH DISTRICT. Delegates. Frederick S. Gibbs. John P. Windolph. Alternates. Clarence W. Meade. Joseph T. Hackett. ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Alternates.
Charles M. Jeroloma
Conrad C. Wissman. Delegates.
Jacob M. Patterson.
George Hilliard. TWELFTH DISTRICT. Delegates. Alternates.
Cornelius N. Bliss. P. Tecumseh Sherman.
Colonel S. V. R. Cruger. Edward Hardy. Platt Contestants.

Delegates.
General Howard Carroll. Caleb A. Sims.
Thurlow Weed Barnes. Charles Edlich. THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Alternates, Thomas F. Eagan, Robert Miller. Delegates.
William Brookfield.
Anson G. McCook. WONDERFUL FACTS.

Platt Contestants.

Alternates.
Thomas Humphrey.
Jacob Kahn. Delegates. John Reisenweber, Alexander T. Mason, FOURTEENTH DISTRICT. Alternates. Jastrow Alexander. Henry C. Hoyt. FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Delegates,
Gen. Charles H. T. Collis.
Robert J. Wright.

Alternates,
Elias Goodman.
George S. Sutton. Platt Contestants.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT. Delegates.
ge William H. Francis M. Carpenter.
rtson. Frank V. Millard.

Ex-Judge William H.
Robertson.
Mayor John G. Peene, of
Yonkers. DEFEAT FOR THE MACHINE

JUDGE ROBERTSON AND MAYOR PEENE, OF YONKERS, TO REPRESENT THE XVITH CON-GRESS DISTRICT IN ST. LOUIS.

The Republican convention to select delegates to the National Convention from the XVIth Congress District was held at the Orawampum Hotel, in White Plains, yesterday. The district is composed of Westchester County and the XXXIVth and NXXVth Assembly districts, of New-York. The delegates from the county outnumbered the city delegates, and selected their representatives from West chester County. A bitter feeling resulted, which marred the otherwise harmonious convention. When nominations were called for, four names were immediately presented, William H. Robertson, of Katonah; Mayor John G. Peene, of Yonkers; William H. Ten Eyck, clerk of the New-York Board of Alder-men, and Dr. C. A. Becker, of Tremont. A motion to choose Judge Robertson by having the secretary east the ballot of the convention was objected to by the city representatives.

On the rollcail Judge Robertson and Mayor Peens were chosen by a vote of 16 to 8. One of the city delegates moved to make the selection of Judge bertson unanimous, and the motion was carried. A painful pause followed. None of the city A painful pause followed. None of the city delegates seemed willing to make a similar motion as to Mayor Peene, and when one of the county delegates made the motion to relieve the suspense much surprise was caused by the city dejegation raising the point of order that the mover of the motion had not voted against Mayor Peene and could not therefore properly make such a motion. The chair decided the point well taken, and another painful pause followed. As no one seemed willing to father the motion the convention proceeded to select alternates. Francis M. Carpenter and Dr. C. A. Brencker, of New-York City, were nominated by the county delegates, but Dr. Brencker refused to accept the nomination. This made the feeling more bitter. nomination. This made the feeling more bitter. Mr. Carpenter was finally chosen as alternate for Judge Robertson and Frank V. Milard for Mayor

Judge Robertson and Frank V. Milard for Mayor Peete.

No instructions were given to the delegates, and each refused to state his choice. Their friends, however, say that both will be for Morton on the first ballot, and after that for McKinley, Frank V. Millard, of Tarrytown, was the chairman of the convention and James H. Moran, of White Plains, and Sumter P. Happy of New-York, were the secretaries.

An effort had been made to "turn down" Judge Robertson, who is strongly anti-Platt, and who has represented the district at every National Republican Convention since the formation of the Republican party. W. H. Ten Eyck was the candidate of the Platt machine against him.

The suiking of the city delegates, who, being in the minority, could not run the convention, is the source of much unfavorable comment. William L. Ward, of Port Chester, was chosen Presidential elector.

A LAVELY TIME IN THE VIITH. ANTI MACHINE MEN OBJECT TO THEIR TREAT

of the most exciting conventions ever held in the VIIth Congress District of this State was held last night in the Hotel Castleton, at New-Brighton, Staten Island. The district comprises the County of Richmond and the Ist, IId and IIId

Staten Island, for temporary chairman. Hugh Mc Roberts, of Richmond, nominated George Garber of Northfield. Mr. Healey had learned that sever of the Richmond County delegates were not present, and when the secretary began to call the rol the former demanded that as each man voted he rise so as to be seen by the chairman. There did not seem to be any disposition to do this and it was put in the form of a motion. Mr. Healey, who offered it, was declared out of order.

This started the fun. Mr. Alexander ruled that

as the vote had been begun no other business could be considered until the vote had been completed be considered until the vote had been completed and disposed of. Mr. Healey entered a vigorous protest. He shouted: "No Staten Island gag law for us; we're from New-York!" "No Plattism for us!" "We wouldn't treat you so in New-York!" "We did not come down here to be buildozed by Staten Island Plattites!" Mr. Alexander pounded with his gavel and tried to restore order. Mr. Healey was joined by his entire delegation in his protests and by the two McKinley men from the

Hd District.
Finally in the midst of the uproar Mr. Healey shouted: "Come on boys, we can't stand this come out, don't let these fellows gag you,"

come out, don't let these fellows gag you."

At this the twelve delegates from the Ist District and the two McKinley and anti-Platt men from the Ild arose and followed Mr. Healey from the room. After a discussion it was agreed the vote should be taken as Mr. Healey wished. A committee was then sent after the boiters. They had assembled in another room and had started a rival convention. They refused to be placated. When the committee reported this the other convention proceeded to business. Ex-Postmaster Van Cott, of this city, and Hugh McRoberts, of Castleton, were elected delegates to St. Louis, Frederick Haldy, of the Ilid District, and Frank Foggin, of Northfield, were named as alternates.

Frederick Haldy was named as Presidential Elector for the district. Supervisor Abram Cole, of Westfield, who was a delegate, said he had learned the anti-Platt convention had named him on their ticket, but he wanted it understood this was done without his consent, and he was not a boiter from the larger convention. The convention closed by giving three cheers for Levi P. Morton for President.

In the mean time the anti-Platt men met in another room. Patrick Gray was elected chalrman. They denounced the manner in which they were treated by the convention. They elected Martin H. Healey, of the 1st District, and Abram Cole, of Westfield, delegates to St. Louis, John F. Conway, of New-York, and James D. Hetherington, of Southfield, were named as alternates.

Martin H. Healey said after returning to New-York last night that the convention was composed originally of only forty-six delegates, and that when the Anti-Machine convention was organized it contained, with eleven Richmond County delegates admitted, twenty-five genuine delegates. This, he said, was more than a majority of the Vilth District Convention. Mr. Healey and his colleague are for Morton first and for McKinley as second choice. They will contest for seats in the National Convention at St. Louis.

DEADLOCK IN A BOARD OF EDUCATION Newburg, N. Y., March 19.—The Board of Edu-cation, consisting of eight Republican members, is deadlocked. At the annual meeting on the 11th inst

MISSOURI WILL BE FOR M'KINLEY.

St. Louis, March 19.-The Republican State Com mittee will meet here to-morrow to decide whether one or two conventions shall be held in Missour this year. The Filley and Kerens delegations are this year. The Filley and Kerens delegations are divided on this question, and a lively contest is expected. The former favors holding two conventions—the first to elect four delegates-at-large to the National Convention and a new State Committee; the second convention to nominate State officers. Should this plan be carried out Filiey will undoubtedly be one of the delegates to the St. Lonis Convention. The Kerens-Walbridge faction desire but one convention, and hope by this to gain time in which to so arrange the contest for delegates that Mayor Walbridge will secure the Gubernatorial nomination and Kerens will be chosen one of the delegates-at-large. In any event it is conceded that

the delegation from this State will favor McKinley for President. Joplin, Mo., March 19.—In the Republican Congressional Convention for the XVth District, which met here yesterday, Congressman Charles G. Burton was renominated by acclamation. The delegates to the National Convention were instructed to support McKinley.

THE M'KINLEY MASS-MEETING. TO BE HELD IN COOPER UNION ON MONDAY NIGHT-GENERAL SWAYNE TO PRESIDE.

The Committee of Arrangements has nearly com-The Committee of Arrangements has nearly completed its work in preparation for the mass-meeting of Republicans of this city who favor the nomination of ex-Governor McKinley, of Ohio, as the Republican candidate for the Presidency. The meeting will be held in the large hall of Cooper Union on Monday evening. Lovell H. Jerome, the chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, said vesterday that the list of speakers at ments, said yesterday that the list of speakers at the meeting and other details would not be announced until to-morrow. It is known, however, that General Wager Swayne has consented to preside at the meeting and that among the speakers will be George E. Matthews, of "The Buffalo Ex-press," who has carried his district against State Controller Roberts and the Platt machine, and State Senator Pavey, who has been making a spir-ited fight against boss rule at Albany.

General Swayne has favored the nomination of Senator Allison, but he has declared that the opposition of the bosses to McKinley has made him a McKinley man. Many of the Republicans of the city who favor the mass-meeting have declared that the only logical course for the opponents of boss rule in the party is to uphold McKinley. More than one hundred letters about the mass-meeting than one hundred letters about the mass-meeting had been received up to 6 p. m. yesterday by the Committee of Arrangements at No. 29 East Twenty-second-st., and it was evident from the letters that the workingmen of the city will be largely represented at the meeting.

The Saugertles Glee Club, which has sung at many great campaign meetings, has become a McKinley club and will sing at the mass-meeting on Monday evening. The Committee of Arrangements has fatly contradicted a report that the mass-meeting was arranged for by the Committee of Twenty-five. It is declared that the Committee of Twenty-five has had nothing whatever to do with the meeting, as the Committee of Arrangements was selected at a meeting of McKinley delegates from the Assembly districts. Senator Allison, but he has declared that the op-

INDIANA NEARLY SOLID FOR M'KINLEY. TWENTY-TWO DELEGATES OUT OF TWENTY-SIX

FOR THE CHAMPION OF PROTECTION. Indianapolis, March 19 (Special).-The district conventions throughout Indiana to-day resulted in a delegation of twenty-six men, twenty-two of whom are enthusiastically for McKinley, and four of whom have other leanings. One of the latter, Taylor Reagan, of Plainfield, will probably exercise the privilege of voting as he pleases, for in his district McKinley instructions were voted down. Another of these, Harry S. New, of the VIIth, goes uninstructed, but declared before election that he would vote for McKinley because the sentiment of his district was that way; another, C. N. Williams, of Crawfordsville, though not instructed, is tied up with a resolution strongly indorsing McKinley, and the IVth, C. D. Law, of Fort Wayne, is tied up with absolute in-Law, of Fort Wayne, is tied up with absolute in-structions.

Following is the list: Ist District, J. M. Gam-Following is the list: Ist District, J. M. Gam-

structions.
Following is the list: Ist District, J. M. Gambol, of Princeton, and J. H. McNeeley, of Evansville; IId, Nat U. Hill, of Bloomington, and B. F. Polk, of Vincennes; IIId, Dr. H. C. Hobbs, of Salem, and J. T. Stout, of Paoli; IVth, A. E. Nowlin, of Lawrenceburg, and O. H. Montgomery, of Seymour; Vth, Jesse Weick, of Greencastle, and Taylor Reagan, of Plainfield; Vith, J. W. Ross, of Connorsville, and E. E. Stoner, of Greenfield; Vitth, H. S. New and J. B. Kealing, of Indianapolis; VIIIth, W. T. Durbin, of Anderson, and J. H. Johnson, of Portland; IXth, D. E. Coulter, of Frankfort, and C. U. Williams, of Crawfordsville; Xth, G. A. Vandusen, of Michigan City, and Cloyd Laughry, of Monticello; XIth, A. L. Lawshe, of Converse, and Louis Signs, of North Manchester; XIIth, C. D. Law, of Fort Wayne, and Frank S. Robey, of Angola; XIIIth, A. L. Brick, of South Bend, and J. H. Keatwole, of Goshen, McKinley instructions were adopted in the Vith, VIIIth, Xth, Xith, XIth, and XIIIth Districts, and in the IXth a resolution indorsing McKinley was adopted. In the Vth District instructions were offered and defeated by a narrow margin. In the other districts the question did not come up. The delegation will be completed by the election of the four delegates-at-large at the State Convention May 7, when McKinley's friends will probably endeavor to obtain instructions.

WILL STAND BY GOVERNOR MORTON. MR. SHERMAN EXPLAINS THE POSITION OF NEW YORK REPUBLICANS IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 19.-James S. Sherman, who represents the Utica district of New-York in Conwas the one over which I presided. I desired to and did, to the best of my ability, give the utmost latitude to all parties, without favor."

Just as groundless is the claim of the machine that the mob which annoyed the regular convention that elected General C. H. T. Collis and Commissioner Robert J. Wright in the XVth District composed a majority of that convention. There can be little question that they will be scated when the case reaches the Committee on Credentials at St. Louis. As a part of the machine scheme to make a fair convention impossible, the East Side was flooded with bogus tickets of admission to the convention, issued.

Held last night in the Hotel Castrict comprises the Utica district of New-York in Construction of the County of Richmond and the Ist, Hd and Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention are planted on the County of Richmond and the Ist, Hd and Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention the County of Richmond and the Ist, Hd and Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention the County of Richmond and the Ist, Hd and Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention of the County of Richmond and the Ist, Hd and Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention of the County of Richmond and the Ist, Hd and Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention of the County of Richmond Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention are presented that the property of the County of Richmond Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention of the County of Richmond Hid Assembly districts of the Ist District. This delegation with two delegates from the House: "We regard Mr. Morton as a serious candidate, and believe that the people of New-York hid Repurble and Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention of the County of the County of Richmond Hid Assembly districts of this city. The convention of the County o figurehead. The delegation will stand by him until he withdraws, if that should come about, and then the way the delegation will vote will disprove any suggestion that he was in the field in the interest of any one else. As far as Major McKinley's efforts to get delegates in New-York State are concerned."

Mr. Sherman added, "he has a perfect right to do so. I understand that he has two delegates in Eric County, I do not think he will get any more, but he has a right to try for them, just as I think we should have a r., to try for delegates in Ohio If there were any chance of success. I have no criticism to pass on Major McKinley for that. He is a candidate and wants the nomination. I think he has a right to try for delegates anywhere in the United States." figurehead. The delegation will stand by him until

MORTON HAS THE XXIID DISTRICT. THE GOVERNOR GETS THE DELEGATES CHOSEN BY THE CONVENTION AT POTSDAM,

Potsdam, N. Y., March 19 (Special).-The Republican Convention for the XXIII Congress District, comprising the counties of St. Lawrence, Hamilton and Saratoga, was held here to-day. The delegates from Saratoga, Fulton and Hamilton counties ar-rived here last night and immediately went into conference, in which they were directed by W. L. Proctor, who was one of the delegates chosen to the National Convention to-day. Prominent in the convention were numerous candidates for office. Hosea Bicknell, who wants to get Mr. Foster's place on the State Board of Charities, was made chairman of the convention. Resolutions favoring Morton were put through. W. L. Proctor, of Og-densburg, and W. W. Worden, of Saratoga, were densburg, and W. W. Worden, of Saratoga, were chosen as delegates to the National Convention. Theodore H. Swift, County Judge of St. Lawrence, and J. P. Argersinger were chosen alternates. At a meeting of Republicans held in his office last week Judge Swift declared that 89 per cent of the Parablelans of the country were for McVinian. week Judge Swift declared that 89 per cent of the Republicans of this county were for McKinley. After the delegates were chosen a lively controversy arose over a resolution, offered by a delegate from Futton County, giving to Futton seven delegates to Congress conventions, thus making their representation on the same basis as it is in the State Convention. General French, of Saratoga, stirred up a lively fight against the resolution, and he succeeded in having the resolution declared out of order. The Fulton and Hamilton delegates declared that the contest would be renewed later. John A. Smith, a leading Republican from the eastern end of this county, offered a resolution favoring McKinley for second choice. The resolution was inid on the table after a teiling speech by William Smith, who declared that the people of this district were heartily for the exponent of the principle of protection to American industries. McKinley's friends talk of holding a mass-meeting of the Republicans of St. Lawrence County here for the McKinley. M'KINLEY MEN IN NIAGARA COUNTY.

Lockport, N. Y., March 19 (Special).—All was not lovely at the Republican Convention of the 1st Niagara Assembly District, held here this afternoon Two towns that sent McKinley delegates did not vote for resolutions indersing Governor Morton for President, and commending the public services of Senator Ellsworth. The Platt machine managed to gain control of the district, so that the pro-gramme to-day in the convention was all cut and dried. Ex-Postmaster John A. Merritt nominated dried. Ex-Postmaster John A. Merritt nominated the following for delegates to the State Convention, all Morton men: Senator Ellsworth, Assemblyman Warner, S. Curt Lewis, C. D. Ormiston and Burt Graves. Mr. McKee, of the Tonawanda delegation, moved to amend by substituting P. S. Humphrey, an Anti-Machine McKinley man for Assemblyman Warner. This siap at Assemblyman Warner from his own townsmen created a sensation. Tonawanda is especially displeased with Mr. Warner for sup-

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

## PALL MALL MAGAZINE EDITED BY

LORD FREDERICK HAMILTON

AND SIR DOUGLAS STRAIGHT. APRIL NUMBER NOW READY.

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

A DIFFICULT QUESTION. After M. Bashkirschiff, KNOLE AND ITS MEMORIES. . . . . By Lord Sackyll Blustrated by Hansilp Fietcher and Frances Ewan, FOUR CHAPTERS OF A LIFE By Lord Ernest Hamilton With Blustrations by J. Pedder.

MEMOIRS OF BAGATELLE. I..... By Charles Yring Hustrated with Reproductions from Old Prints. 

THE LIVERPOOL DOCKS ...... By Edward R. Diber "OUR SUBALTERNS' CUP"...... Brawn from life by George Rolle

BENGAL CAVALRY.

By Lieut.-Gen. Sir Hugh Gough, K. C. B., V. Q.
With Hustrations by C. Bloomfeld Gough.

SECRETS IN CIPHER. PART IV. By J. Holt Schooling
With Fac-simile Reproductions of Ciphers from Oid
Manuscripts. 

I. By Viscount Hallfax.

II. By the Rt. Rev. the Lord Bishop of Sodor and Man.

AN IDYL OF SPRING.

By Christian Burb.

By Christian Burb.

By I. Zangwill.

WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

With Thumbnail Sketches by M. Zangwill.

OLD STORIES RETOLD. "Izabella and the Pot of Basil".

By Robert Halls

TITLE AND INDEX TO VOL. VIII. NEW-YORK, THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS

COMPANY: Toronto, The Toronto News Co. porting the Raines bill, and the Tonawanda mentook this means of indicating their disapproval of his desertion to the Platt side. The convention that nominated Warner last fall stood 37 anti-Platt, it Platt. The amendment was voted down aming grouns from the Tonawanda delegation.

At the IId Assembly District Convention, held at Wilson this afternoon, these Morton delegates were chosen to the State Convention: Assemblyman Dudley, Arthur Schoelkopf, J. S. Rowe and Dr. W. O. Huggins.

TENNESSEE DEMOCRATS DIVIDED. Knoxville, Tenn., March 19 .- What was probably the crisis in the Tennessee Governorship campaign was reached to-day, when nearly 2,000 Democrate split into two conventions, one of which indores R. L. Taylor for Governor. This is Harris's home and his friends were confident of carrying the county for him. The disaffection in his own county it is thought, will assure the nomination of Taylor.

DEMOCRATS CARRY COLUMBIA COUNTY. Hudson, N. Y., March 19.-The returns of Tuesday's town elections in this county which were delayed by bad roads are now all in, and it is condelayed by bad roads are now all in, and it is contain the Democrats will control the Board of Supervisors, electing twelve out of the twenty-three members and seversing the political complexion of the Board. Republicans talk of contesting the election in fillistale, where the vote was close. County Chairman James Purcell was the leader of the Democratic forces, making a successful fight against Louis F. Payn.

ANOTHER QUAY DELEGATE CHOSEN. Media, Penn., March 19 .- The Republicans of Dela ware County met in convention here to-day. Judge Thomas J. Clayton was chosen as delegate to the National Convention, and John B. Robinson was nominated for Congress. Resolutions were adopted indorsing Senator Quay for the Presidency and Congressman Robinson for the United States Senate to succeed Senator Cameron.

POLITICAL NOTES. To overcome the effect of McKinley's success in

Erie County and in New-York, Mr. Platt is advised by "The Rochester Union-Advertiser" to cause the passage by the State Convention next Tuesday of a resolution instructing the delegates from this State to vote as a unit for Mr. Morton. In this way, his Rochester organ contends, he can "saud out this inconsequential defection," and follow the "custom of Democratic State Conventions." The second suggestion is a little late. Mr. Platt has been following the "custom of Democratic State been following the "custom of Democratic State Conventions" for a long time. His methods to-day and those of Richard Croker are identical; but the idea of adopting the unit rule as proposed by his Monroe County adviser is somewhat more startling. It is to be hoped that he will carry it out, but it is doubtful. It is doubtful for the reason that sixteen years ago, in the great National council of the Republican party, it was definitely determined that the unit rule should be abrogated, and that instructions by State conventions were binding only upon delegates-at-large; the will of the voters in each Congress district must be respected. This change was ordained in permanence by the National Convention of 1880, of which Mr. Platt and his chief adviser, Louis F. Payn, were members.

Mr. Payn, by the way, has just been elected delegate in his district, which never fails him. No one is surprised, because after his remarkable vic-tory last fall his opponents will be disposed to make careful preparation before attempting again to un-horse him. He is the last of the old Stalwart leaders, and he maintains his leadership in the face of every obstacle to such a degree as to justify the confidence reposed in his political ability by every confidence reposed in his political ability by every party leader that has some in contact with his striking personality. Without Payn, Platt would be frightfully handicapped. He depends upon him more and more every year; and in conventions, State and National, he reposes more confidence in him than in any other man. Just now Payn is shouting for Morton as vociferously as the rest of the Plattites, but every one who remembers the way in which the Governor tried to drive him out of politics last fall will question the sincerity of his attachment to Mr. Morton's candidacy. The Governor, it will be remembered, tried to force the nomination for Senator of Mr. Rogers against Payn's man, Daly, and actually compelled Hamilton Fish to assist in the fight; but Fayn not only elected hig man Daly, but actually prevented the Governor's candidate from getting any support whatever. There are men connected with the Platt machine who are blessed with a forgiving disposition; Louis F. Payn is not one of them. Revenge is sweet to him. His course at St. Louis will be worth watching.

Lieutenant-Governor Saxton's friends think that the defeat of Controller Roberts in Erie County last Saturday will inuce to the benefit of Mr. Saz-ton as a Gubernatorial candidate. Possibly; but until Mr. Saxton reorganizes his spinal column, it is doubtful if his name will arouse that enthusiasm which it once inspired.

Tracy, not as a candidate for Governor, for he has already declined to be considered in connection with that office, but as New-York's candidate in the National Convention, in case of Governor Morton's withdrawal from the race. Perhaps Warner Miller will have something to say on that question, if is should ever come up for discussion.

Joseph H. Manley's conference with Thomas C. Platt last Sunday, it is said, irritated Governor Morton more than the boss's defence of the Raines bill.

Mr. Platt will do well to instruct his literary bu at the Fifth Avenue Hotel to send immediately to each of his newspapers throughout the State & copy of the last Republican National platform. In this way he may prevent some of his henchmen from making themselves ridiculous in discussing from making themselves ridiculous in discussing the platform adopted by the Ohio Republican Convention the other day. It is too late to save "The Albany Journal" and "The Utica Herald." Both of these are up in arms against the silver heresy of the Ohioans. To be sure, the Buckeye people simply repeated in their platform the doctrine on this point enunciated at Minneapolis, but Afr. Hackett gravely declares, nevertheless, that it is capable of divers interpretations, and is "justly criticised." In other words, the chairman of the New-York State Republican Committee does not even know his party creed on one of the most important questions of the hour.

There will be, it is said, a contest in every Con-gress district in New-York County for settlement at St. Louis, regardless of the big McKinley pre-testing committee.

Senator Quay concedes that McKinley will have between 375 and 400 votes in the first ballots, or within fifty-five of a majority. The Pennsylvania Senator has evidently been hearing from some of his constituents on the McKinley question recently.

Referring to the proceedings of the Jefferson County Republican Convention, "The Utica Press" says they are "full of significance," and make it plain "that the people in one of the party's stanchest strongholds in this State are acquiring commendable independence, and are not disposed to be ruled and ruined by boss dictation in New-York. The rebuke administered to Senator Mullin at this convention for his vote on the Greater New-York bill, "The Press" thinks, will make that sentieman appreciate that he has constituents at home to satisfy as well as a boss at No. 48 Broadway.